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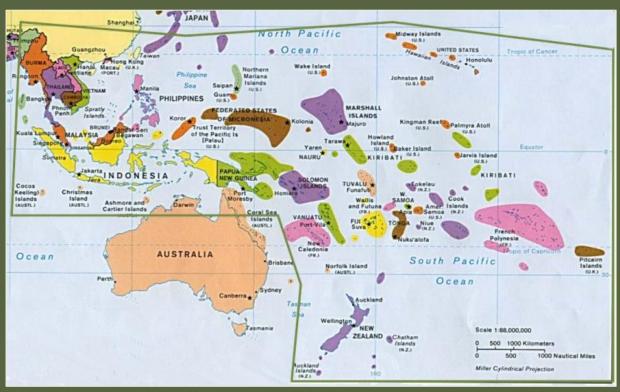
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Previously unpublished Odonata records from Sarawak, Borneo, Part III. Sri Aman, Sibu and Kapit Divisions

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Abstract

New records of Odonata from three of Sarawak's administrative divisions are presented: Sri Aman, Sibu and Kapit. *Idionyx montana* is recorded from Borneo for the first time, from Batang Ai National Park in Sri Aman Division. Other notable records include: *Podolestes* species, *Matronoides cyaneipennis*, *Rhinoneura caerulea*, *Dysphaea* species, *Coeliccia campioni*, *Acrogomphus jubilaris*, *Procordulia fusiformis* and *Orthetrum borneense*.

Key words: Odonata, Kapit, Sibu, Sri Aman, Batang Ai, Sarawak, Borneo, Malaysia

Introduction

Since 2005 the authors have been engaged in an ongoing survey of the Odonata of Sarawak in Malaysian Borneo. The present paper is the third of a series of publications in which we hope to list all the Odonata records we have made in Sarawak in 2005-2014 which have not previously been published and which are not scheduled to be published elsewhere. In this third paper of the series we present records from some of the central administrative divisions of Sarawak. Map 1 gives an overview of the locations covered.

Sri Aman division is the most western and southern of the divisions dealt with here. It is believed that the Iban people, the largest Dayak group in Sarawak, first entered Sarawak from Kalimantan in this division, in the area of the present-day Batang Ai National Park. It is very poorly known odonatologically, with published records in Laidlaw (1920a), Kalkman & Villanueva (2011), Dow (2010b, 2010c), Dow & Orr (2012) and Donnelly (1999); most records in the latter are from Batang Ai National Park, with isolated records from the Skrang River area and Selindong near Engkilili. Many records in Donnelly (1997) are also probably from Sri Aman, but are presented without detailed locality information and could also be from some location(s) in Samarahan division.

Sibu division is located to the north and east of Sri Aman division. It is even more poorly known for Odonata than Sri Aman, with definite published records from the division of only 10 species in Hincks (1930), Hisamatsu & Sasamoto (2003) and Lieftinck (1953) prior to this publication. The city of Sibu, located on the Rajang River, is the gateway to Kapit division; our few records from Sibu division are all from locations near the city, sampled on odd days before or after trips to Kapit.



Map 1. Satellite image of Sarawak showing the locations of some of the sampling sites covered in this report. B – Batang Ai National Park, Sri Aman division; S – sites in Sibu Division; K – sites in Kapit division.

Land-locked Kapit division is the largest administrative division in Sarawak with an area of 38,934 km², not much smaller than the Netherlands (41,543 km²). Much of the division is lacking in infrastructure and difficult to access; most of the few towns are best reached by express boat, and smaller communities by boat or the network of logging roads. Kapit is also poorly known for Odonata, but records can be found in Asahina (1966), Dow (2010a, 2010c, 2013), Dow, Choong & Ng (2010), Dow & Ngiam (2011, 2012, 2014), Dow & Orr (2012), Dow & Reels (2010, 2011), Dow, Reels & Butler (2013a), Kimmins (1936), Lieftinck (1950, 1954, 1965), Matsuki & Kitagawa (1993), Norma-Rashid *et al.* (2010), Reels & Wilson (2009) and van Tol & Norma-Rashid (1995). The holotypes of *Drepanosticta sbong* Dow, 2010, *Telosticta iban* Dow, 2014, *Telosticta kajang* Dow & Orr, 2012, *Coeliccia cyaneothorax* Kimmins, 1936, *Coeliccia southwelli* Dow & Reels, 2011, *Elattoneura mauros* Dow, Choong & Ng, 2010 and *Chlorogomphus manau* Dow & Ngiam, 2011 are from locations in Kapit division.

Classification used here follows Dijkstra, Bechly *et al.* (2013) for Anisoptera and Dijkstra, Kalkman *et al.* (2014) for Zygoptera, including the treatment of some genera formerly placed in Megapodagrionidae and Corduliidae as *incertae sedis*.

As-yet-undescribed species of *Devadatta* are referred to as species A, B and C; this notation is consistent with Parts I and II of this series and Dow & Ngiam (2014), e.g. *Devadatta* species 'A' here is the same as species 'A' in Dow & Reels (2013) and in Dow, Reels & Butler (2013b). A combined morphological and molecular analysis of the Bornean Devadattidae will be published in the near future (Dow, Hämäläinen & Stokvis in preparation); material will be listed there so is not listed here.

Names of collectors (where they appear more than once) are abbreviated as follows in the lists below: Manau anak Budi – MB, Rory Dow – RD, Yohanes anak Jenok – YJ, Mibang (Mathias) Kibi – MK, Robin Ngiam – RN, Graham Reels – GR, Luke Southwell – LS, Joanes Unggang – JU.

Sri Aman Division – Batang Ai National Park

All of our records from Sri Aman are from one trip made to Batang Ai National Park (Map 2) by the first two authors in December 2007. The national park has an area of ca 270 km² and is contiguous with the Lanjak Entimau Wildlife Sanctuary, and with Bentuang-Karimun National Park in Kalimantan. The park includes the headwaters of the Batang Ai River, which feeds the Batang Ai hydroelectric dam. More information on the national park can be found in Hazebroek & Morshidi (2001). Our sampling was mostly confined to a small area easily accessed from the Nanga Delok Ranger Station.



Map 2. Satellite image showing Sri Aman division and parts of Sibu and Kapit division in more detail. Locations:

- B1. Sungai Bebiong Besar and tributaries.
- B2. Sungai Bebiong Mit and tributaries.
- B3. Sungai Nanga Beredik (Fig. 1).



Figure 1. Sungai Nanga Beredik. Photo by G.T. Reels.

- B4. Forest pools away from streams.
- B5. Trailside.
- B6. At the Ranger Station.
- B7. Outside the park, at edges of the Batang Ai reservoir.

List of species collected

Zygoptera

Platystictidae

1. *Drepanosticta attala* Lieftinck, 1934 A very local species.

Loc B2 – $\sqrt{}$, 6.xii.2007, RD.

- 3. *Drepanosticta rufostigma* (Selys, 1886) Loc B1 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, RD. Loc B2 − 2 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; 3 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, GR. Loc B3 − ♂, 8.xii.2007, RD.
- 4. *Drepanosticta versicolor* (Laidlaw, 1913) Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, RD.

5. *Telosticta longigaster* Dow & Orr, 2012 (Fig. 2) See Dow & Orr (2012).



Figure 2. Telosticta longigaster male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Argiolestidae

6. Podolestes species (Fig. 3)

This large sized species is closely allied to *P. orientalis*, but differs from that species in size, markings and details of the anal appendages. At Batang Ai it was found at one large forest pond in a saddle on a ridge; the pool had probably originally been created by the digging activities of Bearded Pigs. Subsequently this species has been found at several other locations in Sarawak.

Loc B4 – 2 33, 4.xii.2007, RD; 3, 4.xii.2007, GR; 3+2, 7.xii.2007, RD.



Figure 3. Podolestes species male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Calopterygidae

- 8. *Vestalis amaryllis* Lieftinck, 1965 Loc B2 − 2 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; 6 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, GR; 2 ♂♂, 6.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 6.xii.2007, GR. Loc B5 − 2 ♂♂, 4.xii.2007, RD.
- 9. *Vestalis amnicola* Lieftinck, 1965 Loc B2 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 5.xii.2007, RD.
- 10. *Vestalis atropha* Lieftinck, 1965 Loc B1 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 − 3 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR; ♂, 6.xii.2007, RD. Loc B3 − 3 ♂♂, 8.xii.2007, RD; 5 ♂♂, 8.xii.2007, GR. Loc B5 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR.
- 11. *Vestalis beryllae* Laidlaw, 1915 (Fig. 4) Loc B5 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR.



Figure 4. Vestalis beryllae male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Chlorocyphidae

- 12. *Heliocypha biseriata* (Selys, 1859) Loc B1 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, RD.
- 13. Libellago stictica Selys, 1859 Loc B1 \circlearrowleft , 4.xii.2007, GR.
- 14. *Rhinocypha aurofulgens* Laidlaw, 1931 (Fig. 5) Loc B1 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 − 2 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, RD.



Figure 5. Rhinocypha aurofulgens male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Devadattidae

15. Devadatta species B

Specimens will be listed in Dow, Hämäläinen & Stokvis (in preparation). Loc B1, B2.

Euphaeidae

16. Dysphaea species

This unnamed species, similar in appearance to *D. dimidiata* Selys, (Selys, 1853) is being described as part of a combined morphological and molecular revision of the genus in Sundaland (Hämäläinen, Dow & Stokvis in preparation); specimens will be listed in that publication.

Loc B1, Loc B2.

17. Euphaea impar Selys, 1859

Loc B1 – 3, 4.xii.2007, RD. Loc B2 – 3, 5.xii.2007, RD.

18. Euphaea subcostalis Selys, 1873 Fig. 6

Loc B1 − 4 ♂♂, 4.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR. Loc B3 − ♂, 8.xii.2007, RD; 2 ♂♂, 8.xii.2007, GR.



Figure 6. Euphaea subcostalis male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

19. *Euphaea tricolor* Selys, 1859 Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR.

Platycnemididae

20. *Coeliccia* species of *borneensis* (Selys, 1866)

Specimens from Batang Ai were included under the "western form" of *Coeliccia borneensis* in Dow 2010b; molecular results (unpublished) suggest that *C. borneensis* might belong to a complex of extremely similar taxa, requiring further study.

21. Coeliccia cyaneothorax Kimmins, 1936

Loc B1 – \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \hookrightarrow , 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 – \circlearrowleft , 5.xii.2007, RD; \hookrightarrow , 5.xii.2007, GR. Loc B3 – \circlearrowleft , 8.xii.2007, RD; \circlearrowleft , 8.xii.2007, GR.

- 22. Coeliccia nigrohamata Laidlaw, 1918
 - Loc B1 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 4.xii.2007, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 5.xii.2007, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 5.xii.2007, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 6.xii.2007, RD; \circlearrowleft , 6.xii.2007, GR. Loc B3 \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 8.xii.2007, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 8.xii.2007, GR.
- 23. *Prodasineura dorsalis* (Selys, 1860) Loc B2 − 2 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 6.xii.2007, RD.

Coenagrionidae

- 24. *Ceriagrion bellona* Laidlaw, 1915 Loc B2 − ♂, 6.xii.2007, RD.
- 25. Pseudagrion microcephalum (Rambur, 1842) Loc B7 \circlearrowleft , 9.xii.2007, RD.
- 26. Stenagrion dubium (Laidlaw, 1912) Loc B1 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \hookrightarrow , 4.xii.2007, RD; \circlearrowleft , 4.xii.2007, GR. Loc B2 \hookrightarrow , 5.xii.2007, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 5.xii.2007, GR.
- 27. *Teinobasis laidlawi* Kimmins, 1936 (Fig. 7) See Dow 2010a.



Figure 7. Teinobasis laidlawi male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Anisoptera

Aeshnidae

- 28. *Gynacantha dohrni* Krüger, 1899 Loc B4 − ♂, 7.xii.2007, RD.
- 29. *Indaeschna grubaueri* (Förster, 1904) Loc B3 − ♂, 8.xii.2007, GR. Loc B4 − ♂, 7.xii.2007, GR.

Gomphidae

- 30. *Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops* (Selys, 1858) Loc B7 − ♂, 9.xii.2007, GR.
- 31. *Leptogomphus coomansi* Laidlaw, 1936 Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR.



Figure 8. Habitat of Hylaeothemis clementia at Batang Ai National Park. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Libellulidae

- 32. *Cratilla lineata* (Brauer, 1878) Loc B4 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR.
- 33. *Cratilla metallica* (Brauer, 1878) Loc B4 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR; ♂, 7.xii.2007, RD.
- 34. Hylaeothemis clementia Ris, 1909 (Fig. 9)

 This is a species of hilly and mountainous terrain, favouring small but sunlit seeps and stream heads. At Batang Ai it was found at the marshy head of a tributary in a saddle point on a ridge, where past disturbance had opened up the canopy to a considerable extent (Fig. 8). Fig. 9 shows a mature male at this location.

Loc B2 – 2 $\sqrt[3]{7}$, 5.xii.2007, RD.



Figure 9. Hylaeothemis clementia male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

- 35. Lyriothemis biappendiculata (Selys, 1878) Loc B2 3, 5.xii.2007, RD. Loc B3 3, 8.xii.2007, RD.
- 36. Neurothemis fluctuans (Fabricius, 1793) Loc B6 \mathbb{Q} , 3.xii.2007, RD.
- 37. *Onychothemis coccinea* Lieftinck, 1953 Loc B1 − ♂, 4.xii.2007, RD; ♂, 4.xii.2007, GR.
- 38. *Orchithemis pulcherrima* Brauer, 1878 Loc B2 − 2 ♂♂, 5.xii.2007, GR.

39. *Orthetrum chrysis* (Selys, 1891) Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR.

40. Orthetrum glaucum (Brauer, 1865)

Loc B5 – \bigcirc , 4.xii.2007, RD.

41. *Orthetrum pruinosum schneideri* Förster, 1903 Loc B2 − ♂, 5.xii.2007, GR.

42. *Trithemis aurora* (Burmeister, 1839) Loc B7 − ♂, 3.xii.2007, RD.

43. *Tyriobapta torrida* Kirby, 1889 Loc B3 − ♂, 8.xii.2007, RD.

Incertae sedis

44. Idionyx montana Karsch, 1891

This species has not previously been recorded from Borneo. A single male was collected whilst perched by a rocky, low gradient, forest stream (Fig. 1) at the onset of late afternoon rain.

Loc B3 – 3, 8.xii.2007, RD.

45. *Idionyx* species cf *selysi* Fraser, 1926 Loc B5 − ♂, 7.xii.2007, GR.



Figure 10. Black water channel in highly disturbed forest, Sungai Teku. Photo by R.A. Dow.

Sibu

As noted in the introduction, Sibu has been very poorly sampled for Odonata historically, and little has changed in the past decade. Our sampling in the division to date has been confined to two disturbed sites close to Sibu town (Map 2).

- S1. Bukit Lima Nature Reserve in Sibu division, outskirts of Sibu town.
- S2. Sungai Teku area in Sibu division, outskirts of Sibu town. Fig. 10.

Zygoptera

Chlorocyphidae

1. Libellago hyalina (Selys, 1859) Loc S2 – \circlearrowleft , 10.v.2010, RD.

Platycnemididae

2. *Copera vittata* (Selys, 1863) Loc S2 − ♂, 10.v.2010, RD.

Coenagrionidae

- 3. *Agriocnemis femina* (Brauer, 1868) Loc S1 2 $\lozenge \lozenge$, \lozenge , 23.x.2009, RD. Loc S2 \lozenge , \lozenge , 10.v.2010, RD; \lozenge , \lozenge , 10.v.2010, LS.
- 4. Agriocnemis minima (Selys, 1877) Loc S2 – 2 \Im , 10.v.2010, GR.
- 5. *Amphicnemis wallacii* Selys, 1863 Loc S2 – 7 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 3 \circlearrowleft \updownarrow , 10.v.2010, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 3 \circlearrowleft \updownarrow , 10.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 2 \circlearrowleft \updownarrow , 10.v.2010, LS.
- 6. Archibasis viola Lieftinck, 1949 Loc S2 – ♂, 10.v.2010, RD.
- 7. *Ceriagrion cerinorubellum* (Brauer, 1865) (Fig. 11) Loc S2 − ♂, 10.v.2010, RD; ♂, 10.v.2010, GR; ♂, 10.v.2010, LS.



Figure 11. Ceriagrion cerinorubellum male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

8. Ischnura senegalensis (Rambur, 1842) Loc S2 – 2 $\stackrel{?}{\circlearrowleft}$, 10.v.2010, RD.

9. Pseudagrion coomansi Lieftinck, 1937

Only a single male of this species was collected, flying with *P. microcephalum*. In Borneo this species appears to be a low pH specialist.

Loc S2 –
$$\sqrt[3]{}$$
, 10.v.2010, RD.

10. Pseudagrion microcephalum (Rambur, 1842)

Loc S2 – 4
$$\circlearrowleft$$
 , 10.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 10.v.2010, GR.

Anisoptera

Gomphidae

11. Ictinogomphus decoratus melaenops (Selys, 1858) Loc S2 – 3, 10.v.2010, GR.

Macromiidae

12. Epophthalmia vittigera (Rambur, 1842)

Loc S2 –
$$\bigcirc$$
, 10.v.2010, GR.

Libellulidae

13. Agrionoptera sexlineata Selys, 1879

Loc S1 – 2
$$\sqrt[3]{3}$$
, $\sqrt{2}$, 23.x.2009, RD.

14. Brachydiplax chalybea Brauer, 1868

Loc S1 –
$$\circlearrowleft$$
, 23.x.2009, RD. Loc S2 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.v.2010, RD.

15. Brachygonia oculata (Brauer, 1878)

Loc S2 –
$$\sqrt[3]{}$$
, 10.v.2010, RD.

16. Hydrobasileus croceus (Brauer, 1867)

Loc S2 –
$$\bigcirc$$
, 10.v.2010, GR.

17. Nannophya pygmaea Rambur, 1842

Loc S2 –
$$3$$
, 10.v.2010, GR.

18. Neurothemis fluctuans (Fabricius, 1793)

Loc S2 –
$$3$$
, 10.v.2010, GR.

19. Orchithemis pulcherrima Brauer, 1878

Loc S2 –
$$\sqrt[3]{}$$
, 10.v.2010, RD.

20. Orthetrum chrysis (Selys, 1891)

Loc S2 –
$$3$$
, 10.v.2010, GR.

21. Orthetrum sabina (Drury, 1773)

Loc S2 –
$$\bigcirc$$
, 10.v.2010, RD; \bigcirc , 10.v.2010, GR.

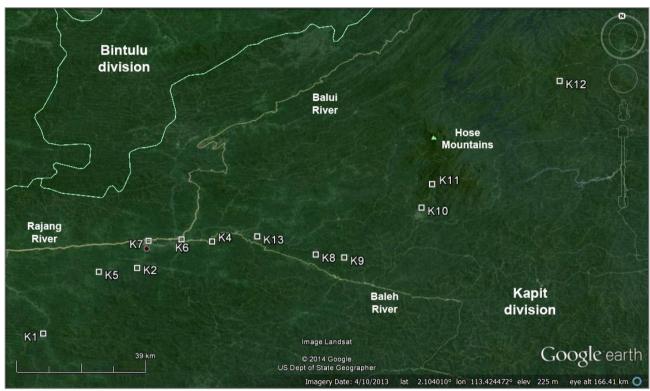
22. Orthetrum testaceum (Burmeister, 1839)

Loc S2 –
$$\bigcirc$$
, 10.v.2010, LS.

23. Rhodothemis rufa (Rambur, 1842)

Loc S1 – 2
$$\circlearrowleft$$
 , 23.x.2009, RD. Loc S2 – \circlearrowleft , 10.v.2010, GR.

- 24. Rhyothemis obsolescens Kirby, 1889 Loc S2 \bigcirc , 10.v.2010, RD; \bigcirc , 10.v.2010, GR.
- 25. *Rhyothemis phyllis* (Sulzer, 1776) Loc S1 \bigcirc , 23.x.2009, RD. Loc S2 \bigcirc , 10.v.2010, GR.
- 26. *Urothemis signata insignata* (Selys, 1872) Loc S2 − ♂, 10.v.2010, RD; ♂, 10.v.2010, GR.
- 27. Zyxomma petiolatum (Albarda, 1881) Loc S2 \mathbb{Q} , 10.v.2010, GR.



Map 3. Satellite image showing part of Kapit division in more detail. All sampling locations are marked except K3, which is too close to K2 to display separately at this scale.

Kapit

We have been visiting Kapit since 2008, but our early efforts in the division were hampered by lack of information and poor local contacts. Before 2010 our efforts were confined to the area around Kapit town, but in 2010 we were able to mount a small expedition to the fascinating Hose Mountains (Dow & Reels 2010). In 2011 RD and RN visited another part of the Hose Mountains (Dow & Ngiam 2012) and later in the year RD embarked on an ill-fated trip to the Batu Laga plateau on the far side of the Balui river to the east of the Hose Mountains; a combination of vehicle breakdown and washed-out bridges meant that RD managed only one day in the field out of a planned seven (fortunately LS and MB were able to do a few days of sampling at the foot of the Hose Mountains during this period). 2013 saw trips to areas near the Indonesian border (Dow & Ngiam 2014) and to the Lanjak Entimau Wildlife Sanctuary; the results of the

latter will be reported elsewhere. A few records from the vicinity of a long house on the Sungai Katibas are also available. Despite our efforts this largest division remains poorly sampled for Odonata; a situation we hope to rectify in coming years, insofar as time and funding allow. The sampling locations listed below are shown in Map 3.

- K1. Sungai Katibas area, on tributaries to Sungai Katibas.
- K2. Sebabei Recreational Park, near Kapit Town: Sungai Sebabei and tributaries. Fig. 12.



Figure 12. Sungai Sebabei. Photo by G.T. Reels.

K3. The Sungai Kapit and tributaries above Rumah Bundong (Fig. 13), the last longhouse on the stream.



Figure 13. Rumah Bundong. Photo by G.T. Reels.

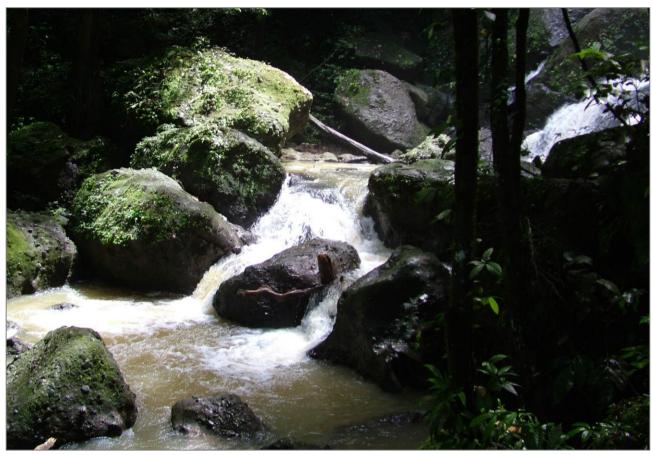


Figure 14. A rocky stream at the foot of the Hose Mountains. Photo by R.A. Dow.

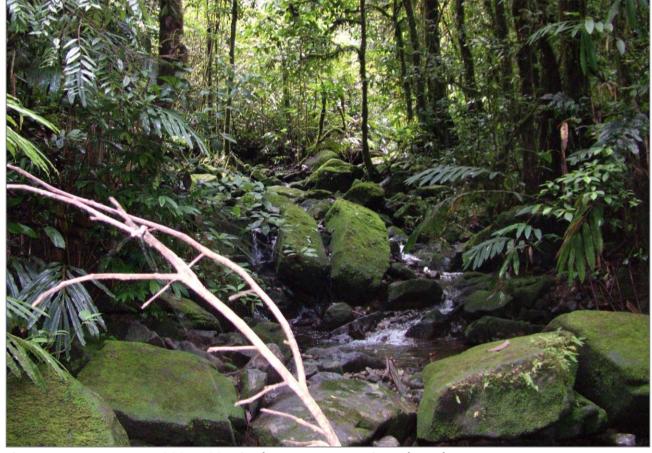


Figure 15. A stream at 1300-1400m in the Hose Mountains. Photo by R.A. Dow.

- K4. The Sungai Sbong, a tributary of the Baleh River, and tributaries and adjacent marshy open area.
- K5. The Sungai Ulu Yong and tributaries near Kapit town.
- K6. Open and disturbed habitats by Baleh river near Kapit town.
- K7. In Kapit town.
- K8. A small shady pool at the edge of disturbed forest, between Kapit town and the Hose Mountains.
- K9. A low gradient stream in disturbed forest between Kapit and the Hose Mountains.
- K10. At foot of the Hose Mountains and on the lower slopes up to ca 900m. Fig. 14.
- K11. Above ca 900m in the Gunung Lumut area of the Hose Mountains. Fig. 15.
- K12. The "Stone Park", Belaga area.
- K13. A shallow forest stream about one hour's drive from the Baleh river at Kapit town. Fig. 16.



Figure 16. A shallow forest stream in Kapit. Photo by R.W.J. Ngiam.

List of species collected

Zygoptera

Platystictidae

1. Drepanosticta actaeon Laidlaw, 1934

This species was recorded as *Drepanosticta* species of *actaeon* in Dow & Ngiam (2012), but subsequent examination of a large amount of material from Sabah and Sarawak east of the Lupar river has shown that differences in the inferior anal appendages were more apparent than real and that differences in colour between some populations may merely represent geographical variation. Although further

study is needed, we feel that all populations from east of the Lupar river are best treated as *D. actaeon* for the time-being.

Loc K2 – 2 & , 7.ii.2008, RD; & , 7.ii.2008, GR; & , 2.iv.2011, RD; & , 2.iv.2011, MK.

2. Drepanosticta species cf crenitis Lieftinck, 1933

Loc K2 – \bigcirc , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K10 – 3 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 21.v.2010, RD.

3. Drepanosticta species cf dentifera Kimmins, 1936

Loc K5 – $\sqrt{3}$, 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K11 – $\sqrt{3}$, 23.v.2010, RD.

4. Drepanosticta dulitensis Kimmins, 1936

Loc K10, Loc K11 – See Dow (2013).

5. Drepanosticta rufostigma (Selys, 1886)

Loc K2 – 5 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \updownarrow , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \updownarrow , 2.iv.2011, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RN. Loc K3 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, GR. Loc K4 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS.; Loc K5 – 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR; Loc K10 – 5 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2 \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, MB & RD; 8 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \updownarrow , 21.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, MB; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, LS. Loc K12 – 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \updownarrow , 29.ix.2011, RD.

6. Drepanosticta sbong Dow, 2010

Loc K4 – See Dow (2010a).

7. Drepanosticta versicolor (Laidlaw, 1913)

Loc K1 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 – 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD. Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, GR. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, MB & RD.

8. Protosticta species

Since only teneral females have been collected at the locations discussed here, little can be said about this taxon.

Loc K11 − \bigcirc (teneral), 23.v.2010, YJ. Loc K12 − \bigcirc (teneral), 29.ix.2011, MB.

9. *Telosticta longigaster* Dow & Orr, 2012

See Dow & Orr (2012).

Argiolestidae

10. Podolestes orientalis Selys, 1862

Loc K2 – $\sqrt[3]{}$, 20.x.2009, RD. Loc K4 – $\sqrt[3]{}$, 11.ii.2008, GR.

Calopterygidae

11. Matronoides cyaneipennis Förster, 1897

The Hose mountains are the western limit of the known range of this beautiful species.

 RD; ♀, 23.v.2010, GR.

12. Neurobasis longipes Hagen, 1887

Loc K1 - \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, JU; \circlearrowleft , \supsetneq , 20.viii.2011, JU. Loc K2 - \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; \supsetneq , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft + \supsetneq , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K3 - \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , \supsetneq , 9.ii.2008, GR. Loc K4 - \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD; \supsetneq , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 - \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K9 - \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 - \supsetneq , 15.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD, \circlearrowleft , \supsetneq , 16.v.2010, LS. Loc K13 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN; \supsetneq , 18.vi.2013, LS.

13. Vestalis amaryllis Lieftinck, 1965

Loc K3 – \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, LS. Loc K12 – \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, RD.

14. Vestalis amnicola Lieftinck, 1965

Loc K1 – \circlearrowleft , 20.viii.2011, JU. Loc K11 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, LS; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 22.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \hookrightarrow , 22.v.2010, GR. Loc K12 – 7 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, LS.

15. Vestalis amoena Hagen in Selys, 1853

Loc K2 – 6 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \hookrightarrow , 7.ii.2008, RD; 10 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, MK; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RN. Loc K3 – 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, GR. Loc K4 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K6 – 6 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD. Loc K9 – \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 – 5 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD. Loc K13 – 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \hookrightarrow , 18.vi.2013, LS.

16. Vestalis atropha Lieftinck, 1965

Loc K1 - \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, JU. Loc K2 - \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 - \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K10 - 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft , 25.ix.2011, LS; \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, LS.

17. Vestalis beryllae Laidlaw, 1915

Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, MB. Loc K11 – \circlearrowleft , 17.v.2010, RD; \hookrightarrow , 17.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, GR.

Chlorocyphidae

18. Heliocypha biseriata (Selys, 1859)

Loc K1 – 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 – \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , ♀, 20.x.2009, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, MK. Loc K3 – \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, GR. Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , ♀, 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD, ♀, 21.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K9 – \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft +♀, 16.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD. Loc K12 – ♀, 29.ix.2011, RD. Loc K13 – \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 3 ♀♀, 18.vi.2013, LS; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN.

- 19. *Libellago semiopaca* (Selys, 1873) Loc K5 - \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR; \updownarrow , 12.v.2010, LS. Loc K9 - \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft + \updownarrow , 14.v.2010, LS.
- 20. *Libellago stictica* Selys, 1859 Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, LS. Loc K13 – \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, LS.
- 21. *Rhinocypha aurofulgens* Laidlaw, 1931 Loc K1 \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K10 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, MB; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 27.ix.2011, MB.
- 22. *Rhinocypha cucullata* (Selys, 1873) Loc K5 3, 21.x.2009, RD; 2, 21.x.2009, LS.
- 23. *Rhinocypha spinifer* Laidlaw, 1931 (Fig. 17) Loc K10 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 17.v.2010, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, LS. Loc K11 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 17.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 22.v.2010, GR. Loc K12 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, MB; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, LS.



Figure 17. Rhinocypha spinifer male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

24. Rhinoneura caerulea Kimmins, 1936

See Dow & Reels (2010) for the story of the rediscovery of this species, originally described from Mount Dulit on the Miri/Kapit border (Kimmins 1936), in the Hose Mountains in 2010. It has now also been found on Gunung Mulu in Miri division (Dow unpublished).

Loc K10 – \bigcirc , 24.v.2010, LS. Loc K11 – \bigcirc , 18.v.2010, RD; 3 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 22.v.2010, RD; 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 22.v.2010, LS; 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 22.v.2010, GR; \bigcirc , 23.v.2010, RD.

25. *Sundacypha petiolata* (Selys, 1859) Loc K10 − 4 ♂♂, 24.v.2010, RD; 2 ♂♂, 24.v.2010, LS.

Devadattidae

Specimens will be listed in Dow, Hämäläinen & Stokvis (in preparation).

- 26. *Devadatta* species A Loc K3, K5, K11, K12.
- 27. *Devadatta* species B Loc K2, K3, K4, K5, K10.
- 28. *Devadatta* species C Loc K11, K12.

Euphaeidae

- 29. *Dysphaea dimidiata* (Selys, 1853)
 Specimens will be listed in Hämäläinen, Dow & Stokvis (in preparation).
 Loc K9, K10.
- 30. *Euphaea basalis* (Laidlaw, 1915) (Fig. 18) Loc K11 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 19.v.2010, LS; 4 \bigcirc \bigcirc , \bigcirc , 22.v.2010, GR; \bigcirc , 22.v.2010, LS; \bigcirc + \bigcirc , 23.v.2010, GR; 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 23.v.2012, LS.



Figure 18. Euphaea basalis male. Photo by R.A. Dow.

31. Euphaea impar Selys, 1859

Loc K2 - \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, MK. Loc K3 - \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 - \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K9 - \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 - \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft , 25.ix.2011, LS; \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, MB. Loc K12 - \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2009, RD. Loc K13 - \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN.

32. *Euphaea subcostalis* Selys, 1873 Loc K1 − ♂, 1.v.2011, RD; ♂, 20.viii.2011, JU. Loc K2 − 3 ♂♂, 7.ii.2008, RD; 3 ♂♂, 7.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \Lsh , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS. Loc K3 – \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD. Loc K9 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K10 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 25.ix.2011, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, MB; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, LS. Loc K13 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, LS.

33. Euphaea tricolor Selys, 1859

Loc K2 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K3 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K9 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, GR. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS.

Philosinidae

34. Rhinagrion borneense (Selys, 1886)

Loc K1 - \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 - 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K3 - \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 - \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS. Loc K10 - \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, GR. Loc K13 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD; \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, LS.

Platycnemididae

35. Coeliccia species cf borneensis (Selys, 1866)

See Dow (2010c) and Dow & Reels (2011) and the comments above in the Sri Aman section.

Loc K2 – \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 26.ix.2011, LS; \circlearrowleft , 27.ix.2011, LS. Loc K13 – \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RD.

36. Coeliccia campioni Laidlaw, 1918

See Dow & Reels (2011). This species appears to have a rather limited range in Sarawak's Miri and Kapit divisions, although it is to be expected across the border in Kalimantan.

37. Coeliccia cyaneothorax Kimmins, 1936

Loc K1 – 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 25.ix.2011, MB. Loc K11 – \circlearrowleft , 22.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 22.v.2010, GR.

38. Coeliccia species cf nemoricola Laidlaw, 1912

Loc K11 – 11 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, $\circlearrowleft \dotplus \hookrightarrow$, 18.v.2010, RD; 14 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 18.v.2010, GR; 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 18.v.2010, LS; 3 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, \hookrightarrow , 19.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, GR; 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 19.v.2010, LS; 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, $\circlearrowleft \dotplus \hookrightarrow$, 22.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 22.v.2010, GR. Loc K12 – 7 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, \hookrightarrow , 29.ix.2011, RD.

39. Coeliccia nigrohamata Laidlaw, 1918

Loc K1 - \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 - 6 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \Lsh , 7.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 7.ii.2008, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RN. Loc K3 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 - \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, GR. Loc K5 - \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 - 5 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 16.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, GR; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, GR; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 24.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 24.v.2010, LS; \circlearrowleft 25.ix.2011, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 26.ix.2011, MB; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 26.ix.2011, LS. Loc K11 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 9, 19.v.2010, RD; \hookrightarrow 19.v.2010, GR. Loc K12 - 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft 29.ix.2011, RD. Loc K13 - \circlearrowleft 18.vi.2013, RN.

40. Copera vittata (Selys, 1863)

Loc K2 – \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, GR. Loc K10 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD.

41. Elattoneura analis (Selys, 1860) (Fig. 19)

Loc K2 – \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 20.x.2009, LS; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K4 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, GR; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD.



Figure 19. Elattoneura analis male. Photo by R.A. Dow.

42. Prodasineura dorsalis (Selys, 1860)

Loc K3 – \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K10 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \hookrightarrow , 24.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , \hookrightarrow , 24.v.2010, LS. Loc K13 – \circlearrowleft , 18.vi.2013, RN.

43. Prodasineura hosei (Laidlaw, 1913)

Loc K1 – \circlearrowleft , 1.v.2011, RD. Loc K2 – \backsim , 2.iv.2011, RD; \circlearrowleft , 2.iv.2011, RN. Loc K3 – 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \backsim , 18.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 – 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \backsim , 21.x.2009, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \backsim , 21.x.2009, LS. Loc

K10 - 3 + 2, 15.v.2010, RD; 2 33, 24.v.2010, RD. Loc K13 - 2 33, 18.vi.2013, RD.

44. *Prodasineura hyperythra* (Selys, 1886) Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft + \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, RD.

45. Prodasineura species

A single female from disturbed forest that might be the true *P. peramoena* (Laidlaw, 1913).

Loc K12 – \mathbb{Q} , 29.ix.2011, RD.

46. Prodasineura verticalis (Selys, 1860)

Loc K4 – 4 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \hookrightarrow , 12.v.2010, LS. Loc K9 – \circlearrowleft , 14.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS.

Coenagrionidae

47. Aciagrion borneense Ris, 1911 Loc K10 – 3, 16.v.2010, RD; 3+9, 16.v.2010, GR.

48. Agriocnemis femina (Brauer, 1868) Loc K6 – \circlearrowleft , 4.iv.2011, RD.

49. *Argiocnemis* species

Loc K10 – 3, 16.v.2010, RD; 3, 16.v.2010, GR.

50. Ceriagrion bellona Laidlaw, 1915

Loc K8 – 3+9, 14.v.2010, GR; 3+9, 4.iv.2011, RD. Loc K10 – 9, 24.v.2010, GR; 3, 24.v.2010, LS. Loc K11 – 3, 17.v.2010, RD; 3, 3+9, 17.v.2010, LS.

51. Ceriagrion cerinorubellum (Brauer, 1865)

Loc K5 – 3, 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 – 3, 16.v.2010, RD.

52. Pseudagrion microcephalum (Rambur, 1842)

Loc K7 – \mathbb{Q} , 8.ii.2008, GR.



Figure 20. Pseudagrion perfuscatum male. Photo by R.A. Dow.

- 53. *Pseudagrion perfuscatum* Lieftinck, 1937 (Fig. 20) Loc K4 \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; 3 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS; \hookrightarrow , 12.v.2010, LS. Loc K10 \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS.
- 54. *Stenagrion dubium* (Laidlaw, 1912)
 Loc K2 2 ♂♂, 7.ii.2008, RD; ♂, ♀, 7.ii.2008, GR; 2 ♂♂, 20.x.2009, RD; 2 ♂♂, 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K3 ♂, 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K4 3 ♂♂, 2 ♀♀, 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 ♂, 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 6 ♂♂, 21.v.2010, MB & RD; ♂, 26.ix.2011, LS; ♂, 27.ix.2011, MB; 2 ♂♂, 27.ix.2011, LS. Loc K11 4 ♂♂, 17.v.2010, RD; 3 ♂♂, 17.v.2010, GR; 2 ♂♂, 19.v.2010, GR. Loc K12 ♂, 29.ix.2011, RD; ♂, 29.ix.2011, LS. Loc K13 ♂, 18.vi.2013, RD.
- 55. *Xiphiagrion cyanomelas* (Selys, 1876) Loc K10 2 $\lozenge \lozenge \lozenge$, 16.v.2010, RD; 2 $\lozenge \lozenge \lozenge \lozenge$, $\lozenge \lozenge + \lozenge \lozenge$, 24.v.2010, GR.

Anisoptera

Aeshnidae

- 56. *Indaeschna grubaueri* (Förster, 1904) Loc K7 – ♀, x.2009, J. Muda.

Gomphidae

58. Acrogomphus jubilaris Lieftinck, 1964 (Fig. 21)

This genus is common in larval samples in sandy forest streams in Sarawak, but the adults are exceptionally elusive; two male A. jubilaris collected in the Hose



Figure 21. Acrogomphus jubilaris male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

Mountains in 2010 are the only non-reared examples of their sex that we have collected. Females are encountered more often, but still relatively rarely. The males from the Hose Mountains were caught while basking at the side of a logging road in the morning, rather than at a stream.

Loc K10 − 2 ♂♂, 24.v.2010, RD.

59. Heliogomphus species

More than one species may be included here.

Loc K5 – $\ \$, 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 – $\ \ \$ (teneral), 24.v.2010, RD. Loc K13 – $\ \ \ \$ (teneral), 18.vi.2013, RD.

- 60. Leptogomphus coomansi Laidlaw, 1936 Loc K4 \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, GR. Loc K10 \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD. Loc K13 \circlearrowleft reared from larva collected 18.vi.2013, RN.
- 61. *Leptogomphus* species cf *pasia* van Tol, 1990 Loc K2 − ♂, 20.x.2009, RD.
- 62. Leptogomphus williamsoni Laidlaw, 1912 Loc K5 3, 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 3, 25.ix.2011, MB. Loc K12 3, 29.ix.2011, LS.
- 63. *Macrogomphus quadratus* (Selys, 1878) (Fig. 22) Loc K10 \circlearrowleft , 21.v.2010, RD; \hookrightarrow , 24.v.2010, RD.



Figure 22. Macrogomphus quadratus female. Photo by G.T. Reels.

64. *Macrogomphus* species Loc K5 – exuvia, 21.x.2009, RD.

65. Megalogomphus species cf sumatranus (Krüger, 1899)

The species from Sarawak differs considerably in the male accessory genitalia from specimens from Sumatra and Peninsular Malaysia in the RMNH collection and a male from Peninsular Malaysia in the collection of the first author; the species from Borneo is certainly a distinct species.

Loc K5 –
$$\circlearrowleft$$
, 12.v.2010, RD.

Macromiidae

66. Epophthalmia vittigera (Rambur, 1842)

Loc K1 –
$$\sqrt{\ }$$
, 1.v.2011, JU.

67. Macromia cydippe Laidlaw, 1922

Probably a fairly common species in lowland forest in Sarawak, but most records are of females and larvae.

68. Macromia euterpe Laidlaw, 1915

This and the next species are extremely similar and may eventually prove to be the same species.

69. Macromia westwoodi Selys, 1874

Loc K10 –
$$\circlearrowleft$$
, 17.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 24.v.2010, GR. Loc K11 – \circlearrowleft , 18.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 19.v.2010, LS.

Corduliidae

70. Procordulia fusiformis Lieftinck, 1977

Once a very poorly known species, there have been a number of records in recent years. All records definitely of this species are from above 900m, where it can be found at forest pools, but it is quite commonly encountered at man-made forest edge ponds (created by partial damming of streams or excavation for road building materials) beside logging roads.

Loc K11 –
$$\bigcirc$$
, 17.v.2010, RD; \bigcirc , 17.v.2010, GR.

Libellulidae

71. Aethriamanta gracilis (Brauer, 1878) (Fig. 23)

Loc K5 –
$$\sqrt{\ }$$
, 21.x.2009, RD.

72. Agrionoptera sexlineata Selys, 1879

Loc K8 –
$$\sqrt{}$$
, 14.v.2010, GR.

73. Camacina gigantea (Brauer, 1867)

Loc K10 –
$$\mathcal{E}$$
, 20.v.2010, RD.

74. Cratilla metallica (Brauer, 1878)

Loc K2 –
$$\sqrt[3]{}$$
, 2.iv.2011, RD. Loc K8 – $\sqrt[3]{}$, 14.v.2010, GR.



Figure 23. Aethriamanta gracilis male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

- 75. Diplacodes trivialis (Rambur, 1842) Loc K6 3, 4.iv.2011, RD. Loc K10 3, 16.v.2010, RD; 3, 16.v.2010, GR.
- 76. *Lyriothemis biappendiculata* (Selys, 1878) Loc K2 − ♂, 7.ii.2008, RD. Loc K3 − ♂, 9.ii.2008, RD. Loc K10 − ♂, 15.v.2010, RD; ♂, 21.v.2010, RD; ♂, 24.v.2010, RD. Loc K13 − ♂, 18.vi.2013, RN.
- 77. *Lyriothemis cleis* Brauer, 1868 Loc K2 − ♂, 7.ii.2008, GR. Loc K4 − ♂, 10.ii.2008, GR.
- 78. Nannophya pygmaea Rambur, 1842 Loc K10 \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD.
- 79. *Neurothemis terminata* Ris, 1911 Loc K6 − ♂, 4.iv.2011, RD.
- 80. Onychothemis coccinea Lieftinck, 1953 Loc K2 – 3, 20.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 – 3, 12.v.2010, RD; 3, 12.v.2010, GR.
- 81. *Orchithemis pulcherrima* Brauer, 1878 Loc K10 − ♂, 16.v.2010, RD.
- 82. Orthetrum borneense Kimmins, 1936
 This montane species was described from Mount Dulit on the Miri/Kapit border and has been found on Gunung Mulu in Miri division and in the Hose Mountains in recent years.

Loc K11 – 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 19.v.2010, RD.

- 83. *Orthetrum chrysis* (Selys, 1891) Loc K10 − ♂, 16.v.2010, RD; ♂, 16.v.2010, GR; ♂, 16.v.2010, LS; ♂, 24.v.2010, GR.
- 84. *Orthetrum glaucum* (Brauer, 1865) Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K10 – \updownarrow , 15.v.2010, RD; \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD. Loc K11 – \circlearrowleft , 17.v.2010, GR; \updownarrow , 17.v.2010, LS. Loc K12 – \circlearrowleft , 29.ix.2011, RD; \updownarrow , 29.ix.2011, LS.
- 85. *Orthetrum pruinosum schneideri* Förster, 1903 (Fig. 24) Loc K10 – \bigcirc , 16.v.2010, GR. Loc K11 – 2 \bigcirc \bigcirc , 17.v.2010, RD. Loc K12 – \bigcirc , 29.ix.2011, RD; \bigcirc + \bigcirc + \bigcirc , 29.ix.2011, LS.



Figure 24. Orthetrum pruinosum schneideri male. Photo by G.T. Reels.

- 86. *Orthetrum sabina* (Drury, 1773) Loc K4 − ♂, 11.ii.2008, RD.
- 87. *Orthetrum testaceum* (Burmeister, 1839) Loc K4 − ♂, 11.ii.2008, RD. Loc K5 − ♂, 12.v.2010, GR; ♂, 12.v.2010, LS.
- 88. Pantala flavescens (Fabricius, 1798) Loc K10 – 3, 17.v.2010, RD.
- 89. *Rhyothemis phyllis* (Sulzer, 1776) Loc K7 \bigcirc , 20.v.2010, J. Muda. Loc K10 \bigcirc , 15.v.2010, RD.

- 90. *Rhyothemis triangularis* Kirby, 1889 Loc K10 − ♂, 16.v.2010, RD; ♂, 16.v.2010, GR; ♂, 16.v.2010, LS.
- 91. *Tetrathemis* new species

 See Dow & Ngiam (2012) for remarks on this species.

 Loc K11 − ♂, 17.v.2010, RD; ♂, 17.v.2010, GR; ♂, 17.v.2010, LS.
- 92. *Tramea transmarina euryale* Selys, 1878 Loc K6 $\sqrt[3]{}$, 13.ix.2013, RD. Loc K10 $\sqrt[3]{}$, 16.v.2010, GR; 2 $\sqrt[3]{}$, 17.v.2010, RD.
- 93. *Trithemis aurora* (Burmeister, 1839) Loc K4 – \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, RD; \circlearrowleft , 10.ii.2008, GR; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, LS; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, GR. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, RD; 2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft , \hookrightarrow , 16.v.2010, LS.
- 94. *Trithemis festiva* (Rambur, 1842) Loc K4 \circlearrowleft , 18.x.2009, LS. Loc K5 \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD; \circlearrowleft , 12.v.2010, RD. Loc K10 \circlearrowleft , 15.v.2010, RD; \hookrightarrow , 15.v.2010, GR; \circlearrowleft , 2 \hookrightarrow \hookrightarrow , 16.v.2010, LS; \hookrightarrow , 17.v.2010, YJ.
- 95. *Tyriobapta torrida* Kirby, 1889 Loc K4 − ♂, 10.ii.2008, GR. Loc K8 − ♂, 14.v.2010, GR. Loc K10 − ♂, 16.v.2010, RD.
- 96. *Zygonyx iris errans* Lieftinck, 1953 Loc K5 – \circlearrowleft , 21.x.2009, RD. Loc K10 – \circlearrowleft , 16.v.2010, LS. Loc K11 – \circlearrowleft , 17.v.2010, RD.
- 97. *Zyxomma obtustum* (Albarda, 1881) Loc K7 – ♂, 7.ii.2008, RD.

Incertae sedis

- 99. *Macromidia genialis erratica* Lieftinck, 1948 Loc K4 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 2 $\circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$, 11.ii.2008, GR.

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